CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

pico-seconds.

1. A method of obtaining data from an electromagnetic signal, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a modulated electromagnetic signal;

sampling the received signal; and

demodulating the signal without mixing the signal with a second electromagnetic signal.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of sampling the signal comprises the step of:

providing an electromagnetic pulse sampling circuit; and sampling the signal at a rate ranging between about 10 pico-seconds to about 500

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of sampling the signal comprises the step of:

providing a plurality of electromagnetic pulse sampling cells controlled by a digital computer; and

sampling the signal at a rate ranging between about 10 pico-seconds to about 500 pico-seconds.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of demodulating the signal without mixing the signal with a second electromagnetic signal comprises:

comparing an amplitude of a later signal sample to an amplitude of a previous signal sample.

- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the modulated signal is a communication signal selected from a group consisting of: a substantially continuous sinusoidal signal, a plurality of electromagnetic pulses, a plurality of ultra-wideband pulses, a sinusoidal carrier waveform, a spread spectrum signal, a multi-band ultra-wideband signal, an analog signal, and a digital signal.
- 6. The method of claim 3, wherein each of the plurality of ultra-wideband pulses has duration from about 10 picoseconds to about 100 milliseconds.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the electromagnetic signal is obtained from a medium selected from a group consisting of: a wireless medium, and a wire medium.
- 8. A method of obtaining data from an electromagnetic signal, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving an electromagnetic signal containing data;

providing a plurality of electromagnetic pulse sampling cells; and

sampling the received signal; and

comparing an amplitude of a later signal sample to an amplitude of a previous signal sample.

- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the step of sampling the received signal comprises sampling the received signal at a sample rate ranging between about 10 picoseconds to about 500 picoseconds.
- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein the received signal is a communication signal selected from a group consisting of: a substantially continuous sinusoidal signal, a plurality of electromagnetic pulses, a plurality of ultra-wideband pulses, a sinusoidal carrier waveform, a spread spectrum signal, a multi-band ultra-wideband signal, an analog signal, and a digital signal.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein each of the plurality of ultra-wideband pulses, or multi-band ultra-wideband pulses has duration from about 10 picoseconds to about 100 milliseconds.
- 12. The method of claim 8, wherein the electromagnetic signal is obtained from a medium selected from a group consisting of: a wireless medium, and a wire medium.
- 13. A method of maintaining an electromagnetic signal time reference, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving the electromagnetic signal having a first synchronization sequence; setting a time reference based on the first synchronization sequence; and updating the time reference before receiving a second synchronization sequence.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the step of updating the time reference before receiving the second synchronization sequence comprises the steps of:

sampling the electromagnetic signal at least twice;

calculating a time reference drift of the received signal based on the two samples;

and

shifting the time reference.

- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the step of sampling the electromagnetic signal comprises sampling the electromagnetic signal at a sample rate ranging between about 10 pico-seconds to about 500 pico-seconds.
- 16. The method of claim 13, wherein the electromagnetic signal is a communication signal selected from a group consisting of: a substantially continuous sinusoidal signal, a plurality of electromagnetic pulses, a plurality of ultra-wideband pulses, a sinusoidal carrier waveform, a spread spectrum signal, a multi-band ultra-wideband signal, an analog signal, and a digital signal.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein each of the plurality of ultra-wideband pulses, or multi-band ultra-wideband pulses has duration from about 10 picoseconds to about 100 milliseconds.
- 18. The method of claim 13, wherein the electromagnetic signal is obtained from a medium selected from a group consisting of: a wireless medium, and a wire medium.

- 19. An electromagnetic pulse generating system comprising:

 control means for generating a plurality of digital signals;

 electromagnetic pulse generating means for generating a plurality of electromagnetic pulses in response to the plurality of digital signals; and aggregating means for combining the plurality of electromagnetic pulses.
- 20. The electromagnetic pulse generating system of claim 19, wherein the aggregating means combines the plurality of electromagnetic pulses into a desired sinusoidal waveform or into a group of electromagnetic pulses.
- 21. The electromagnetic pulse generating system of claim 19, wherein the control means are selected from a group consisting of: a digital computer microprocessor controlled by computer logic, and a finite state machine.
- 22. The electromagnetic pulse generating system of claim 19, wherein the electromagnetic pulse generating means are connected in parallel.
- 23. The electromagnetic pulse generating system of claim 19, wherein the electromagnetic pulse generating means are connected in series.

- 24. The electromagnetic pulse generating system of claim 19, wherein the aggregating means is selected from a group consisting of: a summing circuit, and a multiplier.
- 25. A method of transmitting data, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving data for transmission;

modulating the data;

providing an electromagnetic pulse generating circuit;

generating a plurality of electromagnetic pulses arranged to represent the modulated data; and

transmitting the plurality of electromagnetic pulses.

- 26. The method of transmitting data of claim 25, wherein the step of generating a plurality of electromagnetic pulses comprises means for generating a plurality of electromagnetic pulses.
- 27. A method of obtaining data from an electromagnetic signal, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a modulated electromagnetic signal;

means for sampling the received signal; and

means for demodulating the signal without mixing the signal with a second electromagnetic signal.